

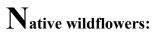


BUTTERFLY GARDENING

90 kinds of butterflies have been recorded in the Ojibway area. Many can be attracted to a backyard garden if both nectar sources and larval food plants are provided.

POINTS TO REMEMBER

- 1. Provide a sunny site, sheltered from the wind.
- 2. Provide a seasonal progression of flowering plants.
- 3. Colourful, scented, nectar producing species are best.
- 4. Large hawkmoths will visit plants such as phlox, bouncing bet and tobacco flower at dusk.



butterfly milkweed common milkweed dogbane indian hemp clovers wild bergamot virginia mountain mint field thistle tall ironweed joe-pye-weed new england aster pale purple coneflower purple coneflower yellow coneflower

Native shrubs:

new jersey tea buttonbush

Plantings:

butterfly bush (white flowered) honey suckles lilac phlox tobacco flower (*Nicotiana* species) coreopsis cosmos french marigold oregano scabiosa vervain zinnias

Caterpillar food plants:

dill, carrots eastern black swallowtail milkweeds monarch butterfly violets great spangled fritillary new england aster pearl crescent stinging nettle milbert's tortoise shell, question mark, hop merchant and red admiral field thistle painted lady, white clover clouded sulphur

white clover clouded sulphur alfalfa alfalfa butterfly everlastings American painted lady

willows mourning cloak, red-spotted purple, acadian hairstreak poplars red-spotted purple, viceroy elm mourning cloak, question mark sassafras spicebush swallowtail black cherry tiger swallowtail